



ST JAMES' C OF E JUNIOR SCHOOL

MISSING CHILD PROCEDURES

(When a child goes missing whilst in the care of school staff)

'With exploring minds, and faith; we grow and learn together'
'Your word is a lamp to my feet, a light to my path' ~ Psalm 119: v105

Our vision is to ensure children enjoy learning and, with exploring minds, are actively engaged in their studies. At St James' our curriculum will provide them with skills, knowledge and personal characteristics that enable them to make the most of their lives and take the opportunities they encounter. This approach is mirrored by the staff who reflect and adapt in order to develop their practice as the dedicated professionals that they are. In this way we grow and learn together as we follow the St James Way: Be Kind, Be Respectful and to always Give Your All.

From the foundation offered by our infant counterparts, where they: 'teach the children to choose the right path', Proverbs 22:6. Our vision is to follow on that journey. We teach that the Lord's word is a lamp to their feet, a light to such path.~ Psalm 119: v105. This Christian vision is underpinned by our teaching of the Christian faith and our school values of: Peace, Compassion, Friendship, Forgiveness, Thankfulness and Endurance.

Approved by ¹	
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Proposed review date²:	March 2026

REVIEW SHEET

The information in the table below details earlier versions of this document with a brief description of each review and how to distinguish amendments made since the previous version date (if any).

Version Number	Version Description	Date of Revision
1	Original	Aug 2015
2	Updated to include additional information from Cumbria SCB and to differentiate these procedures from those for Children being Absent from school/First Day Calling Procedures (school's safeguarding response to children missing education)/Children Missing Education.	July 2017
3	No amendments to above	October 2018
4	Reviewed – slight amendments (checked against Kym Allan latest version (3))	December 2019
5	No Changes (No Kym Allan update to V3)	December 2020
6	Updated to Kym Allan v5 - Full review in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022	December 2022
7	Updated to Kym Allan v6 - Review in light of KCSiE 2023 and minor changes to links to KAHub, external websites and local contact numbers	January 2024
8	Updated to Kym Allan v7- Minor changes to update references.	March 2025

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MISSING CHILD PROCEDURES

(When a child goes missing whilst in the care of school staff)

In the event of a child going missing whilst in the care of the school staff, the school will put into practice the 'Missing Child Procedures' below. These ensure that a systematic approach to find the child is taken and consideration is given to the levels of risk to the child.

These procedures refer to a pupil who registers at school in the morning or afternoon and then goes missing during the school day (or on an off-site visit) without a satisfactory explanation.

We already have procedures for pupils who fail to register, if there are concerns about the level of attendance, reference should be made to the school Attendance Policy and procedures. A separate procedure exists for Children who are absent from education including first day calling procedures when a parent fails to inform the school that their child will be absent.

These procedures should **NOT** be confused with the procedures to follow when a child is absent from school / first day calling i.e. children who do not show up for school (school's safeguarding response to children missing education). Further guidance and model first day calling procedures can be found in the KAHSC ['First day calling procedures and emergency contact form'](#).

It is vital that at least 2 emergency contact details for parents are held and kept up to date and contacts should include at least one person who does not normally live in the household.

1. Definitions

For the purposes of these procedures a child, young person, pupil or student is referred to as a 'child' or a 'pupil' and they are normally under 18 years of age.

Wherever the term 'parent' is used this includes any person with parental authority over the child concerned e.g. carers, legal guardians etc.

Wherever the term 'Head teacher' is used this also refers to any Manager with the equivalent responsibility for children.

'Missing' is when a pupil's whereabouts cannot be established and where the circumstances are out of character or the context suggests the person may be the subject of a crime or at risk of harm to themselves or another.

2. Is the pupil at significant risk?

A 'pupil missing during school hours' incident would be prioritised as at significant risk where:

- the risk posed is immediate and there are substantial grounds for believing that the child is in danger through their own vulnerability. Vulnerability characteristics may include:
 - the age of the child;
 - child on a plan (Early Help, Child in Need, Cared for or Child Protection Plan, Behaviour Management, Education Health Care Plan);
 - a disability/other health condition and/or special educational needs;
 - substance misuse;
- the risk posed is immediate and there are substantial grounds for believing that the public is in danger;
- there are indications that the child has already come to harm (exploitation, grooming, radicalisation etc.);

Other contributory factors should be taken into consideration when determining if the pupil is at significant risk, for example:

- Have there been past concerns about this child and/or family which together with the sudden disappearance are worrying?
- Is there any known history of drug or alcohol dependency within the family?
- Is there any known history of domestic abuse?
- Is there concern about the parent's ability to protect the child from harm?

- Is this very sudden and unexpected behaviour?
- Have there been any past concerns about the child associating with significantly older young people or adults?
- Was there any significant incident prior to the child's unexplained absence?
- Has the child been a victim of bullying or intimidation either face to face or online?
- Are there health reasons to believe that the child is at risk? e.g. does the child need essential medication or health care?
- Was the child noted to be depressed, anxious or isolated prior to the child's unexplained absence?
- Are there religious or cultural reasons to believe that the child is at risk? e.g. rites of passage, female genital mutilation or forced marriage planned for the child?

Consideration will be given to the individual circumstances and the child's records e.g. whether the child has gone missing before or has a record of leaving school without permission.

3. Procedures aimed at reducing the risk of a missing child

3.1 Start of the school day

- The school should ensure parents are fully aware of the points at which responsibility for the care of their child passes from them to staff and vice versa.
- There are clear procedures for welcoming pupils into the school. The school doors are closed at 9 a.m. After this time, pupils must report to the main school office via the main entrance.
- Teachers are in their classrooms by 8.50 a.m.;
- Registration is taken at the beginning of the school day and immediately after the pupils' return from lunch in order to ensure that all are accounted for;
- The main building only has a single access entrance via a reception desk. Signage directs all visitors to this entrance. Every visitor to the school is channelled through reception. Even when reception is not manned, reception remains the point to which all enquiries should be directed;
- Reception is a secure area and visitors cannot gain access to other parts of the school without being challenged or at least seen by a member of staff; Access through reception can only be enabled through a coded mag-lock or by being allowed in by a member of staff.

3.2 During lesson time

- Staff complete electronic registers promptly and accurately – morning and afternoons and return them to the school office.
- All staff must ensure that external gates to areas outside the school grounds are secured when children are learning outside and adequate supervision is maintained.
- If children leave their classroom to work in other parts of the school, the class teacher must ensure that adequate supervision is maintained at all times and pupils are accounted for on return to the classroom.
- Updated contact information for parents is sought regularly and maintained. A minimum of 2 contacts are required.
- Behaviour Management Plans are in place for pupils with challenging behaviour including those who may be a 'flight risk'.

3.3 During break time

- Sufficient numbers of duty staff should be on the playground before children come out and for the duration of the break.
- All staff must ensure that external gates to areas outside the school grounds are secured when children are playing outside and adequate supervision is maintained.
- Staff patrol all areas of the playground throughout the session and are allocated specific 'sentry' points during break times.
- Two-way radios are used by duty staff will be considered to enable speedy responses/action.

3.4 End of the school day

- Gates are opened at 3 p.m.;
- Children leave by assigned exits.

- In Year 3 & 4, children are escorted to the exit points and staff should ensure they are handed over to a parent/guardian or other identified responsible adult.
- In Year 5 & 6, children are escorted to the exit points, staff should ensure that they are aware of where and who each child is walking to; walk along the footpath and exit the gate in an orderly manner.

3.5 Off-site visits

The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure that whilst children are on off-site visits, they are appropriately supervised by members of staff, parents, volunteers and others.

- Thorough risk assessments are conducted and adequate staff/pupil ratios are provided when pupils leave the school premises.
- Permission from parents is obtained generically when pupils first start their school career, for visits which take place during the school day. For residential trips, trips abroad and adventurous activities additional consent will be sought. Parents are notified in advance of all off-site visits.
- Staff mobile telephones are taken on every visit and emergency contact numbers left at school (and, where the visit has been uploaded, on the educational visits online system (KAHSC or Evolve).
- If the off-site visit involves coach travel or travel on public transport, the group will be counted on and off the vehicle with an additional head count before the vehicle moves off.
- At the venue, all children will be given details of where the meeting point is. Regular head counts will be taken when moving from place to place.
- In some circumstances, and where it is deemed appropriate, children will be provided with a card outlining details of the school (name and telephone number) and, where required, the name and telephone number of the accommodation at which the group are staying.
- Where children are given 'free-time' they will be required to stay together in groups of not less than 3.

3.6 Wraparound care and clubs

- Thorough risk assessments will be carried out;
- A register of those attending each session will be taken;
- Consent will be obtained from parents with contact numbers and details of how the children are to get home and, where necessary, with whom.

4. Procedures in the event of child going missing

In the event that a child goes missing and cannot be accounted for, staff will ensure a systematic search is made for the child (both inside and outside of the building) as soon as possible. Parents and authorities are notified at the appropriate stage, and a high level of care is maintained of other pupils at the school while the procedures are followed.

Where a child is thought to have been abducted the Head teacher/Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will **immediately** call the Police using 999.

4.1 During the normal school day

In the event of a member of staff fearing that a child has gone missing while at school:

- Remain calm.
- The following lists held in the school office will be checked:
 - Texts, emails and voice mail for those who may have not arrived at school prior to registration;
 - Attendance registers;
 - Off-site register/late book;
 - Off-site visit records;
 - Music lesson lists;
 - Lists of those attending other schools e.g. transition activities.
- If child has registered and the teacher suspects that a child is missing from a lesson or activity, raise the alarm by informing the Head teacher and DSL (if not one and the same) immediately.

- Staff will use professional judgement and risk assess the urgency of the situation to help inform the timeframe required in establishing the pupils' whereabouts before notifying the Police. Timeliness should be on a case-by-case basis;
- DSL should, together with the class teacher, assess the child's vulnerability (refer to Section 3).
- Class teacher will ensure that remaining pupils are safe and properly supervised. This may necessitate doubling up for a short time.
- Two members of staff (usually at least member of SLT) will make a search of the premises and outdoor areas. All indoor rooms to be checked systematically first followed by outdoor play areas, grounds (including those generally marked 'out of bounds'), car park and adjacent road(s). This will be undertaken as quickly as possible.
- Whilst the initial search is made, the person in charge will make enquiries of all adults in the school to establish the last sighting and time, clothes that the child was wearing, and the possible mental state of the child (happy, upset etc.).
- Where appropriate, check with the pupil's known friends to establish whether or not they are aware of his/her whereabouts.
- If the child has not been found after 10 minutes from the initial report of them as missing, parents will be contacted using emergency contact details provided. Encourage parents to keep calm and enquire as to whether the child has returned home or might be making his/her way home. Ask the parent to come to the school using the normal route that the child would take and to walk if appropriate. Ask them to bring a recent photograph of their child.
- Organise a wider search of the area surrounding the school. Mobile phones/two-way radios should be used in order to effectively communicate with the school.
- If the child is not found during the initial search (after 15 minutes) the Head teacher/DSL will alert the Police (999) (refer to Section 5), Cumberland Safeguarding Hub on Tel: 0333 240 1727 and our Health & Safety Services Provider Kym Allan Safeguarding, Health and Safety Consultants Ltd. (01228 210152); the Corporate Health & Safety Team (01228 221616/07584 534670).
- If the parent arrives at the setting and their child is still missing, ask the parent to return home in the event that their child has managed to make his/her way home by an alternative route. Ask them to remain at home and to contact others who the child may have gone to visit. The parent must remain contactable by the school at all times in the event that the child is found;
- Telephone lines should remain as free as possible so that messages are not delayed. An independent mobile phone could be used for this purpose.

4.2 Off-site visits

- If a child is lost at a venue, all other pupils will be required to remain with their group/visit leader and assemble at a pre-determined meeting point until the child is located.
- A head count will be taken to confirm all those who are present. Supervising adults will be asked when the child was last seen and what clothes he/she was wearing. All adults will be asked to look for the child as they proceed with the visit.
- The Visit Leader will appoint a responsible adult from the group to conduct a search of the immediate area and to alert anyone else who may be able to assist, keeping in contact with the Visit Leader via mobile phone.
- A member of staff or other responsible adult will remain at the meeting point in the event that the missing pupil turns up there.
- The Visit Leader will alert officials at the venue (if applicable) that there is a missing child and take their advice.
- The Visit Leader will alert the school who will contact the parents via the emergency contact details. If the pupil goes missing out of normal school hours, the Visit Leader will contact the parents directly.
- If the pupil remains unaccounted for more than 15 minutes maximum, the local Police will be informed and their advice taken;
- The school will contact their Health & Safety Services Provider and the Corporate Health & Safety Team;
- If by the end of the visit, if the child is still missing, arrangements will be made for a member of staff or other responsible adult to remain at the venue or vicinity until the child is located. This will be in conjunction with the local Police, the school setting and the parents;
- The school will at this point notify the Cumberland Safeguarding Hub on Tel: 0333 240 1727.

4.2.1 When a child goes missing abroad

- Follow the off-site visits related missing child procedure (above) as far as it applies in a foreign country e.g. how you will go about looking for them initially and who you will contact, if anyone, when searching begins.
- Report appropriately during or after the initial search to every local amenity or authority who can help look/widen the search e.g. security at a mall, the station public announcer to put out a message etc.
- Contact the Foreign and Commonwealth Office on 020 7008 1500 and ask for the Consular Directorate. The Foreign Office will appoint a caseworker if appropriate and contact the British Embassy in the country concerned.
- Contact the school in the UK at the point the child is still missing and the procedure says they must be told. The school Emergency Plan should then swing into action. It will be for **school** to contact the UK Police either for the area where the missing child lives, or the school's own local Police station, and ask them to inform the UK National Central Bureau of Interpol. If necessary, Interpol can then contact the relevant foreign Police, although they will usually do so only if they consider the missing person to be at risk of harm.
- The [Lucie Blackman Trust](#) can also provide help and support tailored to your situation. It is open 24 hours a day and can be contacted on Tel: 01983 718802 - select option 9. When calling from outside the UK remember to add +44 and remove the first Zero.
- The information the Police will want is in the [FCO Missing Person Guide](#) - name, DOB, passport details, what they are wearing, where they were last seen etc.
- The leader should be focussed on searching and informing local authorities or the UK Embassy (if there is one at all; there is only one of these per Country, usually in the capital and it has the UK Ambassador in it) or UK Consulate (very similar to an Embassy but lower ranking as it doesn't have the Ambassador in it - there might be several of these or none of these, and they can be slow at some tasks because they just pass it on to the Embassy).
- If a child has gone missing whilst you are visiting a European country, you should contact both the UK Police and the Police local to where you are staying abroad. You can also call the '[Missing Children Europe](#)' hotline on 116000 which can put you in contact with a charity in the Country you are calling from which deals with missing children. This number operates in over 30 countries across Europe. It also applies in the UK.
- Processes for reporting a missing person in the Country they have gone missing will vary depending on the Country. E.g., they may not accept a missing person report until a certain amount of time has passed nor accept a report in English. The school may have to [arrange and pay for a translation service](#).

5. Notifying the Police

The information required by the Police to assist in locating and returning the pupil to a safe environment is as follows:

- The pupil's name, date of birth, status (for example cared for child), responsible authority.
- Where and when they went missing.
- Previous missing episodes and where they went.
- Who, if anyone, they went missing with.
- What the child was wearing plus any belongings they had with them such as bags, phone etc.; include mobile number.
- Description and recent photo.
- Medical history, if relevant.
- Time and location last seen.
- Circumstances or events around going missing with relevant safeguarding information.
- Details of family, friends and associates.
- Contact details of DSL if it was after school hours.

Whilst the search is ongoing, the school will continue to liaise with the Police and act in accordance with Police instructions.

Option 1 – if the child returns before the Police have arrived then the Police must be informed and own school procedures need to be followed.

Option 2 - if the child returns to school of their own volition, then the Police must be informed and own school procedures need to be followed.

Option 3 - if the Police locate the child and bring them back to the school the Police will conduct the safe and well interview and the school will follow School procedure.

Where a pupil has a known risk of being missing, a risk assessment (Behaviour Management Plan) for the pupil will be written and implemented.